The Knowledge

Supporting the National Curriculum



Knowing More

Remembering More

Learning More

Fairness and Justice



Key People

Martin Luther King Junior - 1929-1968 American Baptist preacher who changed the US with his fight for social justice for all people who are treated unfairly. Famous for his 'I have a Dream ' speech. Assassinated in 1968. Martin Luther King Day is a national holiday on the 3rd Monday in January. Nobel Prize Winner.

Thomas Barnardo - 1845-1905. Victorian doctor who worked with homeless children in London, setting up homes, education and training for young people. The charity still operates today.

Malala Yousefzei - 1997- young Pakistani girl who fought for education in her country for all girls in the era of the Taliban rule. She was shot and seriously injured at 15 and brought to England for treatment. Blog writer and role model for millions of disadvantaged girls throughout the world. Nobel Prize Winner.

Hany El Banna - Dr Hany El Banna, a British Muslim from Birmingham, began the charity Islamic Relief in the 1980s.

Key Focus

Stories analysed

- •Christian The Rich Fool, The Unforgiving Servant
- •Muslim The woman at the gates of Makkah
- •Sikh Bhai Ghanaiya, Guru Nanak feeding the

hungry

Charities and organisations

- United Nations
- •UNICEF
- World Vision
- Muslim Hands
- Sewa Day
- •Islamic Relief









Key Facts

- Christian giving to charity is sometimes in the form of tithes, which is expected to be 10% of earnings.
- Muslims charity is called zakah and is expected to be 2.5% of earnings. Charity is traditionally given during Ramadan and while on the Hajj pilgrimage.
- Sikh giving is called Sewa (pronounced saver) and it involves actions more than money giving. There is an annual Sewa Day.
- All religions see themselves as vital players in the global response, acting against poverty, war, disease and discrimination.
- Setting up charities is an effective way to reach those in need.
- Charities are called the voluntary sector and rely on gifts of money and help.
- The United Nations is a global organisation that seeks to improve the lives of all peoples.

Key Vocabulary

Equality: To treat everyone the same

Fairness: The quality of treating people equally or in a way that is

right or reasonable.

Generosity: The quality or condition of being generous

Charity: An organization whose purpose is to give money, food or help to those in need.

Inspire: To make someone feel that they want to do something

and can do it.

Poverty: The condition of being extremely poor.

Refugees: A person who has escaped from their own country for political, religious, religious or economic reasons or because of war

Test Yourself

What is fairness?

How might a Muslim show generosity?

How do Christians try to build a fair world?

How does Guru Nanak inspire Sikhs to build a fairer world?

world:

Who was Malala Yousafzai?

How can religions help build a fairer world?



Malala Yousafzai

