# The Knowledge

**Supporting the National Curriculum** 



**Knowing More** 

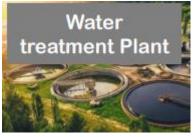
**Remembering More** 

**Learning More** 

# Living Things and Their Habitats - Conservation



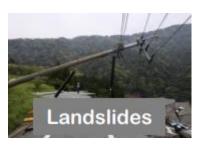
## How do environments change?

















## Why do environments change?

Natural Changes: Different seasons can change habitats.

**Greenhouse gases** cause **climate change** and climate change has caused our planet to get a lot **warmer** over a very short period of time. This has caused more **extreme weather events** like hurricanes, floods and droughts.

**Human changes:** How humans **live** and what they **do** can impact habitats both **negatively** and **positively**.

### **Negative human changes:**

- **Deforestation cutting** down **trees** for a range of reasons.
- ❖ Littering dropping rubbish or leaving large objects lying in the environment.
- ❖ Pollution introducing substances into the environment.

## **Positive human changes:**

- Protecting endangered species via conservation projects.
- Cleaning bodies of water
- Recycling

# Key Vocabulary

migrate: to move from one area to another

monsoon: rainy season

deforestation: the cutting down of forests, including

rainforests

biodiversity: the variety of living things

emissions: the production or discharge of something,

especially gas or radiation

pollution: harmful or poisonous substances

pesticide: a chemical substance used to kill insects that harm

plants and crops

contaminate: to make something impure by adding a

poisonous or polluting substance

**drought**: a long period of time where there is a shortage of

water

freshwater: water that does not contain salt

marine sanctuaries: ocean areas that protect the wildlife

from harm

conservation areas: areas on land or sea that protect the

wildlife from harm production

## Pollution

The water people use in their homes comes from nature and must be cleaned up to be returned to nature so it can be used again. This is an important part of our water cycle.

#### What causes water pollution?

- Each and every day, dangerous chemicals, waste products and sewage are released into our rivers, lakes and oceans, contaminating our water.
- Farmers use pesticides and fertilisers in their fields, which wash into streams and rivers.
- Most of our rubbish ends up in the oceans.
- When we flush the **toilet**, our **waste** goes into the **sewers** and into seas.
- **Disasters**, such as **oil** spills, pollute the seas.



#### What causes air pollution?

- **Transport** (cars/buses/trains/planes etc.) cause **harmful gases** to enter the air.
- Large factories and many electric power stations burn fossil fuels.

# Test Yourself

- How are ecosystems affected by the changes of the seasons?
- How do humans impact the environment through deforestation?
- What is air pollution?
- What is water pollution?
- How can we conserve water?
- How can humans have a positive impact on nature?